Town Hall Meeting: Core Competencies for Public Health Professionals





Welcome to Our Town Hall Meeting!



All participants are muted.





Please use the Chat box and "Raise Hand" button to ask questions and share comments.



This meeting is being recorded.



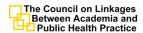


HELLO!

Kathleen Amos Ron Bialek Abdullah Tauqeer
Public Health Foundation

Amy Lee Janet Place
Core Competencies Workgroup





Public Health Foundation

Mission:

We improve public health and population health practice to support healthier communities

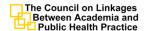
Staff Council on Linkages

www.phf.org



Experts in Quality Improvement, Performance Management, and Workforce Development





Council on Linkages Between Academia and Public Health Practice











ASSOCIATION OF SCHOOLS & PROGRAMS OF PUBLIC HEALTH

American College of Preventive Medicine physicians dedicated to prevention





































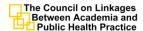


Poll: Where Do You Work?

- State health department
- Tribal health department
- Local health department
- Territorial health department

- Federal agency
- Academic institution
- Non-profit organization
- Other





Poll: How Long Have You Worked in Public Health?

- Less than 1 year
- **1-5** years
- 6-10 years
- **11-15** years
- **16-20** years
- More than 20 years
- I don't work in public health

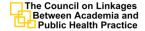




Poll: Do You Use the Core Competencies for Public Health Professionals?

- Yes
- No
- I have in the past, but not currently
- I'm not sure
- What are the Core Competencies for Public Health Professionals?





Session Overview

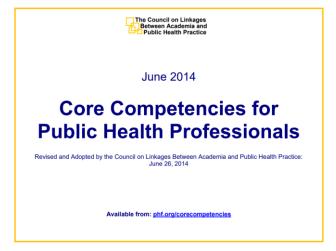
- Core Competencies for Public Health Professionals
- Draft revisions
- Your feedback!

Next steps



Core Competencies for Public Health Professionals

- Consensus set of foundational or crosscutting knowledge and skills for all public health professionals
- Often used with disciplinespecific competencies





Core Competencies Use

Used by:

- ∼80% of state health departments
- ∼60% of tribal health organizations
- ~45% of local health departments
- ~25% of territorial health departments
- ~90% of academic public healthfocused programs

Used in developing:

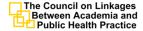
- Job descriptions
- Performance objectives
- Workforce competency/needs assessments
- Training
- Workforce development plans
- Discipline-specific competency sets



National Initiatives

- Healthy People 2030
 - Public Health Infrastructure Objectives: Increase the proportion of state/local/tribal/territorial public health agencies that use Core Competencies for Public Health Professionals in continuing education for personnel
- Accreditation
 - PHAB Domain 8/Standard 8.2: Ensure a competent workforce through the assessment of staff competencies, the provision of individual training and professional development, and the provision of a supportive work environment
 - CEPH: Core Competencies were used in developing foundational competencies for accreditation criteria
- TRAIN Learning Network
 - Course providers can select competencies aligned with their courses and learners can search by competencies to build their knowledge and skills
- PHF

10 Essential Public Health Services



How Did We Get Here?

1991

Universal Competencies Developed

2001

Core Competencies Released

2010

Core Competencies Revised

2014

Core Competencies Revised – Current Version

2017

Modified Core Competencies Released



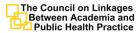


2020-2021 Revision

October-March: Open Comment Period

April-June: Draft Revisions June-August: Open Comment Period August-October: Finalize Revisions October: Release Revised Competencies





Open Comment Period: October 2020-March 2021

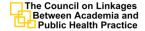
- More than 1,400 "engagements" with the open comment period
- 17 virtual town halls/meetings
- → 1,000 meeting participants
 - → 49 states, DC, 2 territories
- More than 100 resources



4 Feedback Takeaways

- Create better harmonization between efforts that impact the workforce and workforce development
- Address a variety of "topic" areas:
 - Cultural competency, health equity, racism, social justice
 - Environmental health, climate change, sustainability
 - Emergency preparedness, management, response
 - Policy, advocacy, lobbying
 - Administration, management
- Make it easier to use the Core Competencies
- It may potentially be okay to make big changes





Proposed Changes

- Clarity
- Currency
- Structure



Draft Revisions: Clarity

- Pulling competencies together
- Splitting competencies apart
- More clearly stating what is meant by a competency

Implements strategies for continuous quality improvement

Uses quality improvement methods and tools to improve policies, programs, and services (e.g., identifying opportunities to apply QI, building a culture of quality, integrating QI into daily work, sustaining gains)



Draft Revisions: Currency

Changing domain names

- Cultural Competency Skills → Health Equity Skills
- Community Dimensions of Practice Skills ->
 Community Partnership Skills



Draft Revisions: Currency

Updating examples

Establishes relationships to improve health and resilience in a community (e.g., partnerships with organizations serving the same population, health departments, health care institutions, academic institutions, policy makers, environmental agencies and organizations, emergency response organizations, businesses, financial institutions, housing authorities, public transit, customers/clients, and others)

Adding concepts to fill in gaps

Participates in teams for the purpose of achieving program and organizational goals (e.g., collaborating across departments)

Collaborates with individuals and organizations in implementing a vision for a healthy community





Draft Revisions: Currency

Adding concepts to reflect the current environment
Builds public confidence

Advocates for the infrastructure to collect and analyze quantitative and qualitative data (e.g., surveillance systems; laboratory systems; data systems to analyze, use, or transmit data)

Builds public confidence and trust in public health professionals and messages (e.g., demonstrating empathy, validating fears and concerns, framing messages for different audiences, addressing misinformation and disinformation)

Adding concepts to continue to advance the field

Creates opportunities for creativity

Creates opportunities for creativity and innovation





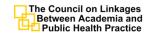
Draft Revisions: Structure



Domain 1
Competency 1
Competency 2
Competency 3
Competency 4

	Domain 1				
Competency 1					
Tier 1	Tier 2	Tier 3			
Subcompetency 1	Subcompetency 1	Subcompetency 1			
Subcompetency 2	Subcompetency 2	Subcompetency 2			
Subcompetency 3	Subcompetency 3	Subcompetency 3			
Competency 2					
Tier 1	Tier 2	Tier 3			
Subcompetency 1	Subcompetency 1	Subcompetency 1			
Subcompetency 2	Subcompetency 2	Subcompetency 2			
Subcompetency 3	Subcompetency 3	Subcompetency 3			





Draft Revisions: Structure



Describes factors affecting the health of a community (e.g., equity, income, education, environment, climate change, resilience)

Accesses existing quantitative and qualitative data (e.g., community input, vital statistics, electronic health records, transportation patterns, employment statistics, environmental monitoring, health equity impact assessments) for assessing the health of a community

Collects quantitative and qualitative data (e.g., ensuring data are valid, reliable, representative of community, equitable, don't hide disparities)

Analyzes quantitative and qualitative data (e.g., coding data, cleaning data, using statistical software)

Data Analytics and Assessment Skills

Accesses existing quantitative and qualitative data (e.g., community input, vital statistics, electronic health records, transportation patterns, employment statistics, environmental monitoring, health equity impact assessments) for assessing the health of a community.

intorning, realitriequity impact assessments) for assessing the realitrior a community		
Tier 1	Tier 2	Tier 3
Identifies quantitative and qualitative data needs	Determines quantitative and qualitative data needs	Determines quantitative and qualitative data needs
Identifies sources of quantitative and qualitative data (e.g.,	Determines sources of quantitative and qualitative data (e.g.,	Determines sources of quantitative and qualitative data (e.g.,
what is available, what is accessible, how to access)	what is available, what is accessible, how to access)	what is available, what is accessible, how to access)
Selects quality quantitative and qualitative data available for	Analyzes the quality of quantitative and qualitative data	Evaluates the quality of quantitative and qualitative data
use (e.g., accuracy, completeness, validity, reliability,	available for use (e.g., accuracy, completeness, validity,	available for use (e.g., accuracy, completeness, validity,
integrity, credibility, source, relevance, timeliness)	reliability, integrity, credibility, source, relevance, timeliness)	reliability, integrity, credibility, source, relevance, timeliness)

Collects quantitative and qualitative data (e.g., ensuring data are valid, reliable, representative of community, equitable, don't hide disparities)

Tier 1	Tier 2	Tier 3	
Explains the importance of data collection for designing,	Explains the importance of data collection for designing,	Explains the importance of data collection for designing,	
implementing, evaluating, and improving policies, programs,	implementing, evaluating, and improving policies, programs,	implementing, evaluating, and improving policies, programs,	
and services	and services	and services	
Uses information technology in collecting data (e.g., ensuring	Uses information technology in collecting data (e.g.,	Uses information technology in collecting data (e.g.,	
data integrity, applying control techniques when handling	ensuring data integrity, applying control techniques when	ensuring data integrity, applying control techniques when	
data)	handling data)	handling data)	









What Do You Think?

Discussion

- Is there anything you've heard today that you particularly like or dislike?
- Do the concepts that are being added capture needed knowledge and skills?
- Do you think the proposed structure would make it easier to use the Core Competencies?
- What training, tools, or other resources would help you use the Core Competencies?





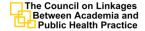


Next Steps

We Still Need to Hear from YOU!

- Preliminary draft: <u>www.phf.org/competenciesrevision</u>
- Continue to provide feedback after this meeting:
 - Email <u>competencies@phf.org</u>
 - ▶ Leave comments online
 - Contact PHF on <u>Facebook</u> or <u>Twitter</u>
- Join the Core Competencies Workgroup:
 - Email Kathleen at kamos@phf.org



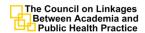




Stay in the Know

- Online: www.phf.org/competenciesrevision
- Newsletters:
 - Council on Linkages Update www.phf.org/councilupdate
 - → PHF E-News www.phf.org/e-news
 - Public Health Learning www.phf.org/publichealthlearning
- Questions?
 - Kathleen Amos, <u>kamos@phf.org</u>





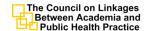
Core Competencies Resources

- Council on Linkages: www.phf.org/councilonlinkages
 Collaborative of national organizations supporting public health workforce development
- Core Competencies: www.phf.org/corecompetencies
 Consensus set of foundational skills for the broad practice of public health
- Modified Core Competencies: www.phf.org/modifiedcorecompetencies
 Shortened version of the Core Competencies
- Core Competencies Tools: www.phf.org/corecompetenciestools
 Collection of tools to support use of the Core Competencies
- Texamples of Core Competencies Use: www.phf.org/corecompetenciesexamples
 Collection of examples of how organizations are using the Core Competencies

Want to know more?

Contact Kathleen Amos at kamos@phf.org.





THANK YOU!

Any Questions?

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Public Health Foundation www.phf.org



